LETTERS

Discovering the

Deligns of the Late KING JAMES in Ireland,

WRITTEN

From a Person of Quality to a Noble Peer sitting in the HOUSE of LORDS.

Licensed Apr. 25. 1689. Ja. Fraser.

My Lord.

O U are pleased to lay your Commands upon me, that now and then I should trouble you with a Letter; nothing can be more forcible on me than your Lordship's Orders, which I shall for ever think my self obliged to obey as often as opportunity presents; and indeed, my Lord, I think the occasion of this is none of the least considerable; its to give your Lordship an account of a Discourse that lately happened between my Lord Brittas and Mr. Foleys, the Minister, one whom I am sure your Lordship knows to be a person of Ingenuity, Lear-

ning, and Integrity.

My Lord Brittas is one of those that attended the late King James into Ireland from France; Mr. Foley is by his Wife related to my Lord Brittas; foon after my Lord's Arrival in Ireland, Mr. Foley (who was then there; but is very lately come to this City) waited on him, and amongst other Discourse told his Lordship, that he hoped, now the King was come amongst them, that His Majesty would prevent those grievous Disorders, and some barbarous Inhumanities that had lately been committed in Ireland to the poor Protestants there; for that this mercifull course of Olemency and Lenity to the Protestants of Ireland would procure His Majesty a confiderable interest in the Hearts and Affections of his Protestant Subjects in England, by whose means he must expect to be restored, if ever he regained his Crowns. My Lord Brittas returned this Answer, Cousin Foley, His Majesty is naturally mercifull and compassionate, and therefore will as much as he can prevent all Injuries to any of his Subjects; but I can affure you, not out of the design that you mention, of gaining the Affection of his Protestants in England, and by them of obtaining his Crown; no, he is wifer than so, ever to trast them; and both his Majesty and all his Catholick Subjects had rather he should hazard the Loss of all his Crowns, than come in by their means; for we know well enough the conditions they would propose to him would be fisch; that he could not nor should he keep them; he designs to regain his Thrones by down right force of the Arms of his Catholick Subjects, and by affishence from France, and then he will be free from those Fetters and Chains wherewith his rebellious Protestants would bind him, and may doe what he please.

This, my Lord, I had from Mr. Foley's own Mouth, so that tis unquestionable, and my Lord Brittas being one of the best scent amongst them, we may thereby find what their Design is; its now visibly, no Papist, or no Protestant; and if at this juncture we fall a quarrelling at home amongst our selves, I think we are an infatuated Nation, and designed for Ruine, Destruction, and Desolation: God grant to your great Council Wisdom and Unity, for otherwise the Nation is lost.

But above all, my Lord, in my poor Judgment, it were expedition that the Mina hould be speedily regulated, and the Country put into a

posture of Defence.

Your Lordship may make the best use you can of the forementioned Story, by communicating it to those you think fit, only be pleased not to mention my Name as your Informer.

Tour most humble Servant,

THE

The Extract of another Letter to the faid Noble Peer.

Est Jackson count telling your Lordship one material Passage, I thought for to incurate to you, that upon King James's going down to the North to reduce Londonderry, Mr. d'Avance advised him to buy the Officers off mand reduce it that way: We see the French way of befregate Towns is coming in fashion in Iteland too. The late King has sent hundreds of Commissions to raise Men in Scotland. The French King has sent with King James into Ireland Four hundred thousand Crowns, and promised him whatever supplies he shall want, provided he expend it as he shall direct; and therefore the French King has sent a Treasurer along with King James, to see that the Money be disbursed according to his Order. This I have from an undoubted hand.

Chefter, and money need what had he is continued a spondard emol has Ap. 20. 1689. Anno distributed with the continued at the continued and the continued at the continued and the continued and

is bor yas A at a LONDON,

filerable interestains to theres and address of his Protestant Saujests in

would be to whole he are the spect to be a Newly it ever he regarded Maidly is making the more than the state of the state

truck as been preversall injuries to any et his Subjected Luc I can elfore you, no out of the defiga that you meether, of parties the Arete-

Printed for James Partridge, and Sold by Randal Taylor near Spationers-Hall, 1689.